



Reuben Gobezie, M.D.

Antibiotics after Joint Replacement

PROTOCOL FOR ANTIBIOTICS AFTER JOINT REPLACEMENT

The development of infection following total joint replacement is a serious problem. Although rare, there are documented cases of such infection caused by bacteria introduced into the bloodstream during certain dental procedures. Various approaches can be taken towards preventing this, especially with regard to the use of antibiotics before undergoing a dental procedure. The faculty has recently reviewed the medical literature and advisory statement put forth by the American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons and the American Dental Association, and they offer the following recommendations.

PROPHYLACTIC ANTIBIOTICS SHOULD BE GIVEN TO:

1) All patients who have had a joint replacement within two years, regardless of the type of dental procedure or patient health status.



2) All patients, who are immunocompromised, have insulin dependant diabetes mellitus, or systemic inflammatory disease such as rheumatoid arthritis or systemic lupus erythematosus, regardless of how long ago they have had surgery.

3) All patients, regardless of health status or how long ago they have had surgery, who are having invasive dental procedures. These include extractions, periodontal procedures, dental implant placement, root canals or teeth cleaning likely to cause bleeding.

Prophylaxis should consist of a single 2-gram dose of amoxicillin or cephalexin given orally one hour prior to the dental procedure. In-patients, who are allergic

Reuben Gobezie, M.D.
(617) 724-7300

to penicillin, 600mg of clindamycin may be given instead. If a patient is unable to take oral medications, 1-gram of IM/IV cephalexin or 2-grams of IV/IM ampicillin is recommended. Finally if a patient is allergic to penicillin and unable to take oral medications a single 600mg dose of IM/IV clindamycin should be taken one hour prior to the dental procedure.

If you are undergoing a dental procedure, or even some other invasive procedure such as cystoscopy or sigmoidoscopy, you should inform your dentist or doctor that you have had a joint replacement. Please call our office if you have additional questions or need a prescription